Numb. 955

The Daily Gazetteer.

Wednesday, July 26. 1738.

Yeſterday arrived the Mail due from Holland.

Vienna, July 8. *O. S.*

WE have received theſe further Particulars of the Action on the 22d ult. near Cornia.

'The Imperial Army arriving on the 22d at Cornia, and finding the Turks not only poſted very advantagiouſly, but intrench'd up to the very Teeth, in order to diſpute its Paſſage, was immediately reſolved in a Council of War, to attack the Turks, but to let the Army reſt, after being fatigued by a painful March, and almoſt continual Rain. Next Day the Army was put in Order of Battle, as far as the Ground would admit; General Wallis commanding the Left Wing, General Philippi the Right, and the Great Duke, with the Count de Konigſegg, Velt Marſhal, in the Centre. In this Poſture the Army lay to obſerve the Enemy's Countenance; but without advancing towards them. Upon which the Turks imagined they were afraid to approach them, and perceiving at the ſame time that the Rain was come again, which they thought would hinder the Imperialiſts from making uſe of their Fire Arms, they march'd out of their Intrenchments, and fell with very great Fury upon the Centre and the Left Wing. The Muſſulmen at firſt bore ſo hard upon the Front Line that it gave Way, and ſeveral of the Officers and Soldiers in that Line were killed. Major General Braun, who commanded the Grenadiers, was intirely cut off, and would in all likelihood been killed or taken by the Turks, if he had not been reſcued by Count Lewis Trantſon who came to his Relief, and thereby loſt his Life. The Turks did all they could to ſeize the Great Duke, and puſhed even to his Tent, where they cut off the Head of one of his Royal Highneſs's Surgeons; but were at laſt repulſed on all Sides with conſiderable Loſs.

'We have had no Letters from the Imperial Army, but what the Major General Count de Konigſegg writ concerning the taking of Meadia, and the raiſing of the Siege of Orſova. Thoſe Letters can-not ſufficiently expreſs the Conſternation and Fright the Turks before Orſova, as ſoon as they ſaw Count Caroli appear upon the Top of the Mountains, which was detach'd by the Great Duke of Tuſcany with two Companies of Huſſars; for they immediately fell in great Confuſion towards Wallachia, and abandoned every thing in their Camp. The Infidels that had encamp'd on the other Side of the Danube, were ſeized with the ſame Pannick, and fled towards Widin, abandoning alſo a great Battery which was near the Fort St. Elizabeth.

'To-morrow there will be a ſolemn Proceſſion in the High Streets of this City, and a tripple Diſcharge of the Artillery and Small Arms, while Te Deum is ſung at the Cathedral, to return God Thanks for the Advantages over the Turks.

'We are ſtill aſſured that the Imperial Army, in order to improve thoſe Advantages, will paſs the Danube either to beſiege Widdin, or to act on the Side of Turkiſh Servia, in which Province the Enemy's main Army is poſted; and 'tis even ſaid, that the Grand Vizier is come to incamp near Nizza with 80000 Men.

'Beſides the Officers already mentioned, the Count Mandeta, and the Marquis de Botta, Nephew to the General of that Name, loſt their Lives there. Among the Volunteers who diſtinguiſhed themſelves in the Action, are the Marquis de Tavannes, and the Chevalier de Mailly, who came from France to make the Campaign in Hungary, the former of whom was ſhot in the Left Arm by a Muſket Ball, but his Wound does not ſeem dangerous.

Belgrade, July 2. *O. S.* The Turkiſh Forces in Servia, are prodigiouſly increaſed ſince they were joined in the Bannat of Temiſwaer. Three Days ago one of their Detachments, conſiſting of at leaſt 4000 Men, came before the Poſt of Rani, which is on this Side of the Danube, over-againſt Vipalanka, where there were but 40 Men under the Baron de Kotwitz, a Lieutenant, whom the Aga, who commanded the Detachment, ſummoned to ſurrender; and upon his Refuſal, the Turks attacked the Poſt with Vigour, but met with a ſtout Reſiſtance before they could maſter it; whereby the Turks loſt above 500 Men, which ſo provok'd the Commander, that he was reſolved to allow no Quarter, but put the Baron, and the few Soldiers he had left, to the Sword. After this the Enemy abandon'd the Poſt, and carry'd off the Heads of thoſe that they had murder'd along with them. Beſides the Loſs ſuſtained by the Turks in the Action at Cornia, they alſo left a great Number of Men before Orſova, particularly in the laſt Attack they made upon it, wherein they had above 1500 Men killed; in which Number were ſeveral Agas and other Officers. There being, among other Proviſions with which Orſova was ſupply'd before the Turks beſieged it, a great Quantity of Burgundy and Champaign Wines which belong'd to the Great Duke, he has ordered it to be given to the Soldiers of the Gariſon, for their Bravery in Defence of that Place.

Vienna, July 8. *O. S.* Two Days ago the Court received an Expreſs from Hungary, with the following Advices.

'Since the raiſing of the Siege of Orſova, the Army is gone to encamp at a ſmall Diſtance from that Place, on the Banks of the Danube, where it is to continue till join'd by ſome Troops, and by the Equipage and Baggage which halted on this Side of Cornia. Not many Days after the Surrender of Meadia, certain Deputies came to the Camp from the Inhabitants of Almas, to declare their Sorrow for having been obliged to take Arms againſt the Emperor, and to beg Pardon for what they had done, becauſe they had been forced to it by the Turks. Upon an Examination of their Conduct, it appeared, that the Inhabitants of Almas had been guilty of the baſeſt Treaſon; becauſe, in Defiance of the Duty which they owed to the Emperor as his Subjects, they declared for the Enemy at the Beginning of the Campaign, gave them Directions how to take Meadia, and made Incurſions into the Bannat of Temiſwaer, killing and ſlaying all the Emperor's Subjects who were for perſevering in their Loyalty. Such a criminal Behaviour being reckon'd worthy of the ſevereſt Puniſhment, Colonel Heiſrich was ſent with a Detachment of the Duke of Tuſcany's Regiment of Foot into the Territory of Almas, in order to cut off all the Inhabitants, without Diſtinction of Age, Sex or Quality; which Example of Severity, has been thought neceſſary to keep the reſt of the Inhabitants of the Bannat of Temiſwaer in their Duty, and to hinder them from ſhewing the leaſt Favour to the Enemy.'

We are aſſured, that notwithſtanding the Silence which the Publick has kept for ſome time paſt, the Contagion ſtill continues in Lower Hungary; and they ſay, that moſt of the Inhabitants of Temiſwaer have therefore been obliged to abandon that City; but this is certain, that the Gariſon went out of it a Fortnight ago, and has been ever ſince incamp'd upon the Glacis, having left but a few Soldiers in the Town. Another Circumſtance which gives room for Conjecture, that the Progreſs of thoſe Diſtempers is very much apprehended is, that the States of Auſtria have appointed Commiſſioners to conſider of the Meaſures for preventing the Spreading of the Contagion into the Emperor's Hereditary Dominions; and among other Precautions already taken for that Purpoſe, is an Order that the Officers or Couriers coming from Hungary, ſhall ſtop 3 Leagues out of Town, and not enter it till they have obtained Leave from the Emperor.

Petersburg, June 28. *O. S.* It appears by the Advices which the Court has received touching the Fire at Wybourg, that it broke out on the 17th Inſt. in one of the Suburbs, by the Folly of a Woman who was baking Bread; that after the ſaid Suburb was conſum'd, the Sparks were carried by the Wind over the Walls of the City, and ſet Fire to it in ſeveral Parts, which ſpread to ſuch a Degree, by reaſon of the Narrowneſs of the Streets, that the Houſes being of Wood were all deſtroy'd, and not a Building left ſtanding beſides a Church, and a Houſe where the Soldiers uſed to keep Guard. A great many Perſons were burnt to Death, beſides thoſe that were ſmother'd by the Ruins. The Czarina has ſent one of the Officers of her Guards to take an Account of the Damage done by the Fire, and upon the Petition of the Inhabitants for Relief, has returned them Anſwer, that ſhe is ready to put the moſt feaſible Propoſals they ſhall make to her for that end in Practice.

Warſaw, July 5. *O. S.* Michaelmaſs Day is appointed for Opening the General Dyet of the Kingdom. We are informed by Letters from the Poliſh Ukrain, that about the Cloſe of laſt Month there was great Cannonading heard, which ſeem'd to come from the Neighbourhood of Bog, and that 'twas ſuppoſed the Ruſſian Army was then paſſing that River. The Baſhaw of Bender, who is incamp'd with 50,000 Men along the Nieſter to watch the Motions of the Ruſſian Army, has received Orders from the Grand Seignior to give that Army Battle, if it offers to paſs the ſaid River.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Eliſeneur, July 26 *N. S.* My laſt was the 22d Inſt. ſince the following Maſters have arrived, viz. Chriſtopher Dunn, from Dantzick for Dublin; Richard Park, from Petersburg for Whitehaven; Henry Brough, from Geffle for Hull; James Dalzell, from Dantzick for Glaſgow; George Wale, from Yarmouth for Stetin; Alexander Ferguſon, from Dumfries for Riga; William Coates, from Copenhagen for Gottenburg; Benjamin Hill, from Hull; Robert Curſon, from Wales, both for Stockholm; John Mogridge, from Hamburgh, for Copenhagen.

'Thoſe bound for the Baltick, are ſailed with the Wind at N. W. blows freſh and continues.

Hamburgh, July 29. *N. S.* Up the Elbe is arrived the Anna Catherina, Siemſen; and the Regina, Worms, from London; and the Ship of James Watſon, from Marſeilles.

HOME PORTS.

Dublin, July 14. On the 4th arrived the King George, French, from Rochfort; the John and Martha, Nevill, from London: On the 9th, the Elizabeth, Barton; the Young William, Hartwell, from Bourdeaux: On the 10th, the William and Peter, Martin, from Rochfort; the Friendſhip, Mahard, from Bourdeaux; the Hopewell, Owens, from Rotterdam; the Sally, Chubard, from Barbados for Liverpool; the James, Mac Credy, from St. Martin's: On the 11th, the Margaret, Macdonnell, from Bourdeaux; the Mathew, Lambert, from Bilbao; the Lingsberry, Wilton, from Bremen: On the 13th, the Rotterdam Merchant, Baſnet, from Drontheim: On the 14th, the Fanny, Stafford, from Bourdeaux. Sailed the Milford Factor, Stoakes, for the Streights.

Portſmouth, July 24. Since my laſt came in the Proſperous Sloop, Tripp, from Cork; the Sweet Peggy, Beat, from Jerſey; and the William and Lydia, Millet, from Lisbon. Sailed the Halifax, Norman, to Spithead, bound for Mahon and Turkey. Yeſterday arrived at Spithead in 8 Weeks from Jamaica, his Majeſty's Ship the Dunkirk, Capt. Fox. Alſo in the Evening ſailed for Plymouth his Majeſty's Ship the Aſſiſtance. Remain at Spithead his Majeſty's Ships the Worceſter, Sunderland, Stafford, Deptford, Dunkirk, Newcaſtle, Oxford, Deptford-Store Ship, Mahone, Hound, Spy, and Swift. Wind S. W.

Dover, July 24. Arrived off of our Port the Prince, Bowles, from Cadiz; the John, Seabrooke, from Virginia.

Deal, July 24. Wind S. W. Remain the Elizabeth, Auguſta and Salisbury Men of War; the Weſtmoreland, Shank, for Genoa; the Albany, White, for New England; the Betty, Martin, for Lisbon; the Lucy, White, for Portſmouth; the Golden Fleece, Compton, for Exon; the Enterprize, Skinner, for Cadiz; the Mary, Parſait; the William, Bowen, for Ireland; the Torrington, Young, for Liverpool; the Richard and Mary, Coombs, for Figueira; the Æneas, Mackay, for the Canaries; the Speedwell, Rogers, for Barcelona; the Nancy, Tracy, for Madeira; the Plymouth, White, for Plymouth. The St. Andrew, Greig, and the Duke of Lorain, Hilliard, are ſailed.

Gravesend,

Gravesend, July 24. Passed by the Phenix, Forster, from Riga; the Number, Ricketts, from Petersburg; the Buck, Wilkins, from Stockholm; the Spartan Dame, Spooner, from Carolina; the Lawson, Lows, from Malaga; the Robert and Jane, Pemberton, from Koningsberg; the John and William, Tobin, from Malaga; the Nancy, Forster, from Gallipoly; the Upton, Spencer, from Maryland; the Eales and Margaret, Nelson, from Norway; and the Mary, Pruss, from Oporto.

Gravesend, July 25. Passed by the Gideon, Bradshaw; and the Duke of Lorain, Hillard, from May York; the London Merchant, Thomas, from Carolina; the Italian Merchant, Cartrett, from Leghorn; the Dove, Travers, from Oporto; and the Salvator, Donaldson, from Norway.

Arrived at several Ports.

The St. Thomas, Pitts, from London, is arrived at Jamaica.

At Virginia is arrived the Harrison, Bolling, from London; and the Whitaker, Whiting, from London and Georgia.

Errata in our last, the Article of the Pernambuca Fleet, say, 2 *Men of War and* 25 *Merchant Ships, and the Dove, Travers, from* Lisbon, *say* Oporto.

LONDON.

We hear from Cambridge, that the Master and Fellows of Gonvil and Caius College, have appointed the Rev. Mr. Samuel Stedman, B. D. Senior Proctor of the University, and Senior Fellow of the said College, to be Rector of Denver near Downham, in the County of Norfolk, in the room of the Rev. Mr. Daniel Munnings, lately deceased, a Living worth 200 l. per Ann.

A few Days since Mr. Charles Scot, late of Halifax in Yorkshire, an eminent Apothecary, was married at St. Gregory's Church to a Lancashire young Lady of great Beauty, and a Fortune of 8000 l.

A few Days since the Rev. Mr. Thomas Bentham was inducted into the Vicarage of Abberford in Yorkshire, having been presented thereto by Oriel College, Oxford.

We hear from Sherbourn in Yorkshire, that on Sunday se'nnight a Boy, of 6 Years of Age, fell down, with a Knife in his Hand, and cut the Jugular Vein in such a manner that he died immediately.

We hear from Winbourn in Dorsetshire, that a poor Labourer of that Parish, being engaged in a Match at Cudgels with a Farmer's Son in that Neighbourhood for a Piece of Gold of 36 Shillings Value, had the Misfortune to receive such a violent Blow on the Head from his Antagonist, that he died on the Spot. The Jury sate on the Body of the Deceased, and brought in their Verdict, Accidental Death.

On Friday last the Assizes ended at Bedford, when Richard Parrot was capitally Convicted for Horse-stealing; but before the Judges left the Town he was reprieved for Transportation.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor has appointed the first General Seal before Michaelmas Term, to be on the 13th of October next.

Yesterday the Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole waited on his Majesty at Kensington, and was graciously received.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Captain Thomas Bing to be a Captain in the Royal Train of Artillery.

Also to appoint Capt. Lieutenant Hodges to be Colonel of a Company in the 2d Regiment of Foot Guards, commanded by the Earl of Scarborough, in the Room of Col. Eaton, deceased.

And also to appoint Capt. Newton to be Captain Lieutenant, in the Room of Col. Hodges.

Last Sunday Mr. Benson, a Gentleman of a plentiful Estate in the County of Monmouth, was married at Chelsea Church to Mrs. Bellwood, Relict of Charles Bellwood, of Bromley in the County of Kent, Esq; a very agreeable young Lady of 20,000 l. Fortune, besides 200 l. per Annum.

Yesterday a Grant passed the Great Seal, appointing John Ranby, Esq; his Majesty's Surgeon in Ordinary of his Majesty's Household.

Yesterday a Presentation passed the Great Seal, to enable the Rev. Mr. Williams to hold the Vicarage of Elmeston Hardwick, in the County of Gloucester.

The same Day a Brief passed the Great Seal for Repairing the Harbour of Dunbar, &c.

At the same time a new Commission of the Peace passed the Seals for Nottingham, Stafford, Warwick, Middlesex, and City and Liberty of Westminster.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	06 03	06 26

Bank Stock 142. India 166, 165. South Sea 160 1-half. Old Annuity 111 1-8th. New ditto 111 1-8ths Three per Cent. 107. 7 per Cent. Loan 109 3-4th. 5 per Cent. ditto 99 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 107 3-4th. London Assurance 14 3-4ths. African 14. India Bonds 6 l. 15 s. to 16 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 21. 5 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 12 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-half to 2 3-4ths Premium. English Copper 3 l. 5 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 1-4th per Cent. Premium. Three per Cent. ditto 1 3-4ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 121 1-half.

Custom-House London, July 20, 1738.

WHEREAS on Tuesday the 21st of March last, a Dutch Ship, named the Anna and Helena, *Capt.* Waganaw, *Commander, was stranded in Bigbury Bay in the County of Cornwall, laden with Wine, Brandy, and other Goods, the greatest Part of which Cargo was plundered and carried off by great Numbers of Persons, who assembled in a riotous and tumultuous Manner, armed with Axes, Hatchets, Crows of Iron, and other Weapons, and who cut several Holes in the Deck and Sides of the said Ship, and beat the Master, notwithstanding the Assistance given by the Gentlemen of the Neighbourhood, and the Officers of the Customs, who were at that Time present.*

An order therefore to discover the Offenders and bring them to Justice, the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do (in pursuance of the Directions of the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury) hereby promise a Reward of Fifty Pounds each to any Four of the Offenders respectively who shall first discover Three or more of their Accomplices, so that they be apprehended and convicted of the said Offence, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Customs at the Custom-House, London, or by Mr William Rogers, Collector of the Customs at Plymouth; and Endeavours will be used for obtaining his Majesty's Pardon for such Offender or Offenders so discovering.

Signed by Order of the Commissioners.

Cha. Carkesse, *Secretary.*

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